



CAMPUS AND FIRE SAFETY,
JEANNE CLERY ACT,
AND
HEOA COMPLIANCE REPORT

FALL 2021



CLERY ACT & CRIME REPORTING



Publisher

Center for Print and Digital Production
2100 Memorial Boulevard
Kerrville, Texas 78028
830-792-7391

Copyright

© 2021 September. All rights reserved.

Date of Publication

September 29, 2021

Disclaimer from the Principal Author

No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted outside the university community in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, scanning or otherwise, except as permitted under Sections 107 or 108 of the 1976 United States Copyright Act, or without either the prior written permission of the author - the Department of Campus Security and Safety at Schreiner University.

Schreiner University
Campus and Fire Safety Compliance Report
September 29, 2021

As required by the Higher Education Opportunity Act (HEOA), this annual Campus Security and fire safety compliance report includes information on crime reporting policies and procedures, timely warnings and campus safety alerts, security policy statements, crime statistics, crime awareness and prevention programs, emergency response and notification protocols and fire safety information at Schreiner University (SU).

Schreiner University Campus Security and Safety Department
Baldwin Hall, Building 93
24-hour Telephone number 830-739-1111

Ken Jacobs
Chief of Security

Clery Act Information

Crime Awareness Campus Security and Safety and Fire Safety Report

Introduction

The Schreiner University Campus Security and Safety prepares this report to comply with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security and Safety Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act. This report is prepared in cooperation with the Kerrville Police Department and the Office of Student Services. Each entity provides updated information on their educational efforts and programs to comply with the Act. Campus crime, arrest and referral statistics include those reported to the University Security Department, designated campus officials (including but not limited to directors, deans, department heads, designated Residence Life staff, judicial affairs, and athletic coaches), as well as reports submitted anonymously. This report includes statistics for the previous three years concerning reported crimes that occurred on the Schreiner University campus. The report also includes institutional policies concerning Campus Security and Safety, fire safety, alcohol and drug use, crime prevention, the reporting of crimes, sexual assault, and other matters. Current students and employees are notified by e-mail of this report's availability, which may be obtained at the University Security Department Office. In addition to this report, the University Security Department maintains a daily crime and fire log of incidents committed and occurring on campus.

Crime Reporting Policies and Procedures

University students, faculty and staff should report all crimes and public safety related incidents to the University Security Department in a timely manner. Crimes should be reported to ensure inclusion in the annual crime statistics and to aid in providing timely notices to the University community, when appropriate. To report a crime or emergency on the Schreiner University campus, call the University Security Department at 830-739-1111 or the Kerrville Police Department at emergency number 911, nonemergency number 830-257-8181.

University Security Officers are available 24-hours a day, seven days a week, to answer your call. Reports involving students are forwarded to the Dean of Students for review and potential judicial action. Incidents will be investigated when deemed appropriate, and any additional information obtained via the investigation may also be forwarded to the Dean of Students. When campus pastoral and professional mental health counselors learn that their client is a victim of crime, their practice is to inform their client of methods of reporting the crime, voluntarily and/or confidentially.

Anonymous Reporting Procedures

If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the Schreiner University judicial system or the criminal justice system, you may still want to consider making an anonymous report. With your permission, the Director of Security, the Dean of Students or their designee

can file a report on the details of the incident without revealing your identity. The anonymous report allows the University to maintain compliance with the Department of Education's Code of Federal Regulations, as well as aid in the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, the University can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, determine whether there is a pattern of crime with regard to a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the University community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the institution's annual crime statistics report.

Campus Safety Alerts and Timely Warning Notification

In compliance with the Higher Education Opportunity Act (HEOA) of 2008, if a situation arises, either on or off campus, the University Security Department along with the Vice President for Administration and Finance (VPAF) will, without delay and taking into account the safety of the University community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the campus alert system, unless issuing a notification will, in the judgment of the emergency responders (including, but not limited to, Schreiner University Campus Security and Safety, the Kerrville Police Department, and/or the Kerrville Fire Department and Emergency Medical Services), compromise the efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

In the event an emergency situation occurs at SU, the university will do its best to notify the campus community in a timely manner of the nature of the emergency and the actions that should be taken.

Following is a summary of the emergency notification procedures in place:

- **Mountaineer Alert Text Messaging System (e2campus)**

All students, faculty and staff are automatically enrolled in e2campus. However, if you are not receiving text messages, please subscribe to this free emergency notification system through this Mountaineer Alert link <http://www.schreiner.edu/emergency/index.aspx>.

In the event of an emergency situation affecting the SU campus, university officials will send to all subscribers, via their cell phones or computers, a message regarding the nature of the emergency and the appropriate response(s) that should be taken. MOUNTAINEER ALERT AND E-MAIL WILL BE THE FIRST AND PRIMARY MEANS OF COMMUNICATING WITH THE CAMPUS COMMUNITY IN AN EMERGENCY!

- **Emergency Warning Siren**

An emergency warning siren is in place on the SU campus.

If you hear the emergency warning siren, you should access the following sources for information about the nature of the event and appropriate responses:

- Mountaineer Alert Text Messaging System (e2campus)
- SU e-mail
- SU Home Page

In addition to these sources, designated Building Emergency Coordinators will disseminate information directly to the occupants of their assigned building.

- **SU Email, Mountaineer Alert, SU Home Page**

After initial notification of an emergency, university officials will communicate additional information about the emergency via campus-wide email, Mountaineer Alert and on the home page of the SU Website.

Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances to the University Security Department (830-739-1111) or the Kerrville Police Department (830-257-8181). You may also report the circumstances in person at University Security Department located in Baldwin Hall – Building 93.

Other efforts to alert the University community on a timely basis about campus crimes and related issues include:

Annual Report - Statistics are compiled on a calendar year basis and are available to the University community as well as the general public.

Daily Crime and Fire Log - The University Security Department maintains a daily crime and fire log of incident reports filed by department personnel for annual disclosure.

Access to Campus Facilities and University Housing

Faculty, staff and students are required to have a Schreiner University ID card in their possession at all times and to present it upon request. Schreiner University ID cards may be obtained at the Security Office located in Baldwin Hall – Building 93. Most academic and administrative buildings and facilities are locked by the University Security Department on a daily basis. They are accessible to the University community, guests and visitors during normal business hours with limited access after normal business hours, on weekends and holidays. Students requesting admittance into a secured building after normal hours must have prearranged permission from their professor and

show their SU ID card for entry. No exceptions will be made for students who do not have these items. Each residence hall is accessible by key or card access systems. Exterior entrance doors remain locked 24-hours a day. Students are encouraged not to loan their key to anyone, and guests are not permitted into residence halls after designated visiting hours. Residents should report lost keys and malfunctioning locks to the office of Residence Life in a timely manner. Students who have lost, broken, bent keys (or keys have been stolen) should immediately report the incident to the building's Resident Director. The Director of Resident life will submit a work order for a replacement key on the next regularly scheduled workday. Students will be charged \$75.00 for lost keys.

Security working with Facilities Services

The University Security Department works closely with the various departments to maintain a safe campus. Facilities Services personnel repair locks, doors and windows that have been reported as not operating properly, and Facilities grounds personnel maintain trees, shrubbery and vegetation to ensure that it does not impede lighting, interfere with walkways or create a safety concern. In addition, Call Boxes are tested regularly. Outdoor call boxes are located at various locations throughout the campus and are connected directly to the University Security Officer on duty. The campus community is encouraged to report any safety concerns, as well as exterior lighting and call box malfunctions, to the University Security Department.

Working Relationships with Local and State Agencies

The University Security Department maintains close working relationships with the Kerrville Police Department, Kerr County Sheriff's Office, federal and state law enforcement agencies, and routinely shares investigative information. The University Security Department also works closely with the Kerrville Fire Department and EMS.

Encouragement of Prompt Reporting of Crimes or Emergencies

The University community is encouraged to report crimes, emergencies and safety concerns to the Schreiner Security Department.

When reporting an emergency, please provide your name, location, and a brief description of the emergency. Call Boxes are strategically placed throughout the campus and can also be used for this purpose.

Emergency Response on Campus

Schreiner University Campus Security and Safety has the primary responsibility for security and emergency response on campus. The Kerrville Police Department will assist as needed and assume responsibilities when appropriate. University Security can be contacted 24-hours a day, 365 days a year by dialing 830-739-1111.

Medical Emergencies

When medical treatment or an ambulance service is required for injuries or health related situations, you should dial 911 and then contact the University Security at 830-739-1111.

Reporting of Fire

In case of a fire in a campus building or residence hall, contact the Kerrville Fire Department immediately by dialing 911 then call University Security.

Crime Prevention and Awareness Programs

Crime prevention presentations pertaining to personal safety, sexual assault prevention, alcohol and drug awareness, and burglary and theft prevention are conducted as needed for faculty, staff and students. Specialized crime prevention presentations are conducted throughout the academic year.

Staying Safe and Secure at SU

Schreiner University seeks to provide a safe and enriching experience for students, employees and others who make use of campus facilities. While the University makes efforts to keep the campus safe, individuals should take steps to ensure their own and others' safety.

Tips for Staying Safe General Safety:

- Report any suspicious activity or people, safety hazards, unsafe lighting, defective equipment or any other concern to the Department of Campus Security and Safety.
- Be aware of your surroundings, know where you are and know where you are going.
- Avoid walking alone. Let someone know where you are going and when to expect you.
- Plan your walking trips. Choose a well-lighted, populated route.
- If you are uncomfortable after dark walking alone, walk with a friend or call for an escort from a university Security Officer.

Campus building:

- Most crime is committed in response to an opportunity. The best prevention is to eliminate opportunities for a crime to be committed.
- Avoid working or studying alone in a building at night.
- Avoid stairs in remote sections of buildings.
- Keep purses and bags locked up in a drawer or cabinet instead of underneath or on top of your desk.
- Keep money and other valuables locked away.
- Keep personal belongings in sight or take them with you as you move around the building.

- Never prop doors open, even for a short time.
- Be cautious of removing jewelry to wash hands. These items are easily lost or stolen.

In Residential halls or at home:

- Develop a relationship with your suite mates and neighbors that will encourage checking on one another often.
- Always lock your door, even if you intend to be gone only a moment or are just going down the hall.
- Lock all doors and windows when you are sleeping or are alone.
- Do not allow strangers to enter your living area.
- Keep emergency numbers stored in your phone.

Financial accounts:

- Utilize a bank account rather than keeping money in your room
- Keep ATM, debit and credit cards in a safe place. Never reveal a PIN number to anyone.
- Never loan your ATM card or your SU ID to anyone, no matter who they are

Sexual Assault

Schreiner University has a zero-tolerance policy pertaining to the offenses of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence and stalking.

Sexual Assault is defined by the Texas Penal Code, when a stranger or acquaintance commits sexual assault through forcible sodomy, forcible sexual penetration, however slight, of another person's mouth, anal or genital opening with any object. These acts must be committed without the victim's consent either by force, threat of force or violence, intimidation or through the use of the victim's mental or physical helplessness of which the accused was aware or should have been aware. Sexual assault is non-consensual acts involving psychological manipulation, physical force, or coercion.

It is an act of aggression and violence, and a crime punishable under the laws of the State of Texas by fines and incarceration ranging from two years to life imprisonment.

Schreiner University's definition of sexual assault also includes any touching of an unwilling person's intimate parts (defined as genitalia, groin, breast or breasts, or buttocks or clothing covering them) or forcing an unwilling person to touch another's intimate parts. These acts must be committed either by force, threat, intimidation, or through the use of the victim's mental or physical helplessness of which the accused was aware or should have been aware. As stated in the Texas Penal Code, a sexual assault is without the consent of the other person if: (1) the actor compels the other person to submit or participate by the use of physical force or violence; (2) the actor compels the other person to submit or participate by threatening to use force or violence

against the other person, and the other person believes that the actor has the present ability to execute the threat; (3) the other person has not consented and the actor knows the other person is unconscious or physically unable to resist; (4) the actor knows that as a result of mental disease or defect the other person is at the time of the sexual assault incapable either of appraising the nature of the act or of resisting it; (5) the other person has not consented and the actor has intentionally impaired the other person's power to appraise or control the other person's conduct by administering any substance without the other person's knowledge; (6) the actor compels the other person to submit or participate by threatening to use force or violence against any person, and the other person believes that the actor has the ability to execute the threat; (7) the other person is under the age of 17 and is not the spouse of the actor.

Dating Violence is violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. Dating violence does not include acts covered by the definition of domestic violence.

Domestic Violence includes felony and misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws, by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from the person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.

Stalking is engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to: (1) fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or (2) suffer substantial emotional distress.

Protective Measures

At times the University may deem it necessary to take steps before or during an investigation to protect the rights and interests of the Complainant and/or the Accused. Those measures may be designed to reduce or eliminate contact between the Complainant and Accused so that both parties feel safe in their work or educational environment. Protective measures may also guard against further actual or perceived discrimination or retaliation. Protective measures may include but are not limited to temporary changes in working conditions (such as changes in supervisor, shift or job site), changes in class schedule, changes in living arrangements, directives to the Complainant and Accused to avoid personal contact or, in severe cases, interim suspension.

Definitions

Broadly defined, sexual offenses include any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or without that person's consent; or where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Consent

The burden of obtaining consent is on the party seeking to initiate a sexual encounter. Affirmative consent is required, either verbally, or by voluntary acts unmistakable in their meaning. This definition also covers incidents in which a victim was incapable of giving legal consent, which is not the same as factual consent as people may be able to give factual consent as a result of the use of alcohol, drugs or rape drugs, but not be legally capable of so doing.

Self-Care and Safety

After an assault, the survivor may be in a state of shock. Although the first reaction will be to bathe or shower, DO NOT. Instead, the survivor is advised to wrap in something warm, such as a blanket or coat. Staying warm instead of cleaning up right away will accomplish two important things:

1. It will help in recovering from the shock.
2. It is less likely that the evidence will be disturbed or destroyed if the survivor decides to prosecute.
3. It is extremely important that the survivor:

DO

- get to a safe place
- call the security and police for help
- lock doors and windows
- keep warm
- get medical attention
- write down all they can remember
- take a change of clothing with them to the hospital. If they must change their clothes, put the soiled clothing in a paper bag to give to the Police (plastic destroys evidence).

DO NOT

- shower or bathe
- brush or comb hair
- urinate (if possible)
- change clothes
- eat or drink anything
- brush or rinse teeth or smoke
- touch things at the crime scene
-

DO

- **Call Someone:** Survivors are advised to call someone for support immediately. Survivors react to sexual assault in different ways: some are upset, some are angry, and some are very calm and controlled. Whatever the reaction, one may make better decisions by talking to a trusted friend or relative, or someone who is professionally trained to deal with sexual assault. In addition, this person can serve as a vital source of emotional support.

- **Seek Medical Attention:** It is very important that the survivor seek medical attention as soon as possible after a sexual assault. A medical exam is important for two reasons: (1) it ensures that

the survivor receives the appropriate medical treatment, and (2) it is essential in the collection of physical evidence if the survivor decides to prosecute.

- **Call Kerrville Police, 911, or University Security:** The Schreiner University Campus Security and Safety is a committed security department that serves students, faculty, staff, and visitors within its campus. Students are encouraged to report any sexual assault, including acquaintance rape, to the University Security and/or Kerrville Police, taking care to preserve all relevant evidence. The safety and well-being of sexual offense survivors is the primary concern of SU. Normally, the Police will conduct a criminal investigation and report the findings of that investigation to the State's Attorney. University officials can also assist sexual assault survivors in notifying law enforcement authorities, as appropriate.
- Under Texas Law the victim of a sexual assault may choose to use a pseudonym (a fictitious name).
- Under Texas Law the victim of a sexual assault is entitled to the provisions of the Crime Victims Compensation Act.
- The State of Texas registers convicted sex offenders. Information may be accessed at the following link: <https://records.txdps.state.tx.us/SexOffender/>.

Accessing Support Services

If you are seeking health, spiritual, or psychological support services or want to ask questions without filing a complaint at this time, contact Counseling Services at 830-792-7282 or the Campus Minister at 830-792-7284.

If you consult a medical or mental health provider in a patient context, your name and information that you share will remain confidential and will not be disclosed to any other University office or the police without your permission, unless there is a risk of danger to yourself or another, child and elder abuse or neglect, or if there is a court-ordered subpoena.

In addition, Counseling Services may provide referral information for:

- medical attention and off-campus support services
- filing a report to the police and/or to the Dean of Students Office
- residence life for housing or academic concerns

Filing a Complaint

To file a complaint or report an alleged act of sexual misconduct, report the incident to Security or the Dean of Students office.

We will invite you to participate in a preliminary conference and provide a written statement describing the incident and the names of any witnesses who can support your statement. The information you provide will help us determine if further action should be pursued.

It is the legal duty of SU to determine what occurred and take appropriate steps to resolve the situation. We will respect your wishes regarding further involvement in our investigation. Please be aware, if you decline to participate, our ability to respond will be limited.

If you discuss an alleged sexual misconduct incident with any university employee other than the counselors at Counseling Services Office or the Campus Minister, the employee is required to report the incident to the SU Title IX Coordinator, which will lead to an investigation.

Title IX

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 is a federal law that prohibits sex discrimination in education. Sex discrimination includes sexual harassment and sexual assault. For more information about Title IX, Coordinators, Deputy Coordinators/Investigators and full contact information, visit <http://www.schreiner.edu/about/title-ix/index.aspx>.

Schreiner University's Policy on Alcohol and Other Drugs

The abuse of alcohol and drugs by members of the University community is incompatible with the goals of an academic institution. In accordance with Texas State Law, Schreiner University does not permit the purchase, possession, or consumption of alcohol by persons under 21 years of age. Respect is the foundation upon which the University bases its Alcohol Policy as outlined in the following areas:

Respect for oneself - Those who are of legal age and choose to drink must never do so in a manner that puts them at personal risk.

Respect for others - Intoxication is inappropriate behavior and it does not excuse an individual of personal responsibility. Anyone choosing to drink must not drink to a level that the rights and well-being of others might be endangered.

Respect for property - Research indicates that most campus vandalism and destruction is directly related to alcohol consumption. Each individual will be held responsible for any damage done while under the influence.

Alcohol

Alcohol consumption causes a number of marked changes in behavior. Even low doses significantly impair the judgment and coordination required to drive a car safely. Low to moderate doses of alcohol also increases the incidence of a variety of aggressive acts. Moderate to high doses of alcohol cause marked impairments in higher mental function, severely altering a person's ability to learn and remember information. Very high doses cause respiratory depression and death. If combined with other depressants of the central nervous system, much lower doses of alcohol will produce the effects described. Repeated use of alcohol can lead to dependence.

Other Drugs

State law, as well as University policies, prohibits the use, possession, sale, manufacture or distribution of any narcotics or controlled substances.

Alcohol and Drug Abuse Awareness and Education

Schreiner University is deemed a drug-free school. The Drug Free School and Communities Act of 1989 requires institutions of higher education to adopt and implement programs to prevent the unlawful possession, use or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol. The University Security Department sponsors alcohol and drug abuse education and awareness programs each semester. Other alcohol and drug abuse awareness programs are held in conjunction with student organizations and Residence Life.

Penalties for Drug and Alcohol Violations

Offense	Minimum Punishment	Maximum Punishment
Manufacture or delivery of controlled substances (drugs)	Confinement in a state jail for a term of not more than two years or less than 180 days, and a fine not to exceed \$10,000	Confinement in TDCJ for life or of not more than 99 years or less years, and a fine not to exceed \$250,000
Possession of controlled substances (drugs)	Confinement in jail for a term of not more than 180 days, and a fine not to exceed \$2,000	Confinement in TDCJ for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or less than 10 years, and a fine not to exceed \$100,000
Delivery of marijuana	Confinement in jail for a term of not more than 180 days, and a fine not to exceed \$2,000	Confinement in TDCJ for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or less than 10 years, and a fine not to exceed \$100,000
Possession of marijuana	Confinement in jail for a term of not more than 180 days, and a fine not to exceed \$2,000	Confinement in TDCJ for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or less than 5 years, and a fine not to exceed \$50,000
Driving while intoxicated (includes intoxication from drugs, alcohol* or both)	Confinement in jail for a term of not more than 72 hours, and a fine of not more than \$2,000 or less than \$100	Confinement in TDCJ for a term of not more than 10 years or less than 2 years and a fine not to exceed \$10,000
Public intoxication		Class C misdemeanor - maximum fine of

Purchase of alcohol by a minor Consumption of alcohol by a minor Possession of alcohol by a minor Misrepresentation of age by a minor	Fine of not less than \$25 nor more than \$500	Class C misdemeanor – mandatory license suspension, mandatory community service, mandatory alcohol awareness class and/or fine not to exceed \$500
Sale of alcohol to a minor		Class A misdemeanor – \$4,000 fine and/or maximum of one year
Furnishing alcohol to a minor		Class B misdemeanor – \$0 to \$2,000 fine and/or 180 days in

* Blood Alcohol Concentration (.08 BAC)

Schreiner University Campus Crime Statistics

This data includes offenses that were reported to the Schreiner University Campus Security and Safety and was compiled using the Uniform Crime Reporting procedures in accordance with provisions of the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Crime Statistics Act.

The following are definitions and terms used in Uniform Crime Reports:

Arson:

Any willful or malicious burning or attempts to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Assault, Aggravated:

An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Assault, Non-aggravated:

Assaults and attempted assaults where no weapon is used and that do not result in serious or aggravated injury to the victim.

Burglary (Breaking or Entering):

The unlawful entry into a building or other structure with the intent to commit a felony or theft. Forced entry is not a required element of the offense; it may be accomplished via an unlocked door or window, so long as the entry is unlawful (constituting a trespass). Included are attempts to commit burglary where force is employed or where a perpetrator is frightened off while entering an unlocked door or climbing through an open window.

Dating Violence:

Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. Dating violence does not include acts covered by the definition of domestic violence.

Domestic Violence:

Includes felony and misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws.

Drug Abuse Violations:

Violations of laws prohibiting the possession, production, distribution and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use.

Hate Crimes:

Any of the offenses listed and other crimes involving bodily injury to any person in which the victim is intentionally selected because of the actual or perceived race, gender, religion, national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity, ethnicity, or disability of the victim.

Larceny/Theft:

The unlawful taking, carrying, leading or riding away of property from the possession or the constructive possession of another.

Liquor Law Violations:

Violations of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession or use of alcoholic beverages (does not include “driving under the influence” or drunkenness).

Motor Vehicle Theft:

Theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

Murder and non-negligent manslaughter:

The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Negligent manslaughter:

The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Robbery:

The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Sex Offenses, Forcible:

Any sexual act directed against another person, forcible and/or against that person's will; or not forcible or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Sex Offenses, Non-forcible:

Unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse.

Stalking:

Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to: (1) fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or (2) suffer substantial emotional distress.

Weapons Possession:

Violations of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons.

This page is intentionally left blank.

Schreiner University Crime Statistics

Number of Reported Offenses

Crime Category	On-Campus			Non-Campus			Residence Hall			Public Property		
	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020
Murder/Non Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary: Building or Habitation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hate Crimes (by offense)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes (By Prejudice)

Crime Category	On-Campus			Non-Campus			Residence Hall			Public Property		
	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020
Race	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gender	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Religion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sexual Orientation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ethnicity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disability	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Arrests and Judicial Referral for Selected Offenses

Arrests	Liquor Law Violations			Drug Law Violations			Illegal Weapons Possession		
	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020
On-Campus	0	0	0	5	0	0	1	0	0
Non-campus Building or Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Residence Hall	0	0	0	5	0	0	1	0	0
Public Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Campus Disciplinary Action	Liquor Law Violations			Drug Law Violations			Illegal Weapons		
	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020
On-Campus	38	94	0	16	28	0	0	4	0
Non-campus Building or Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Residence Hall	38	94	0	14	28	0	0	4	0
Public Property	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	0

Note: For 2020, campus disciplinary actions do not include liquor, drug, and illegal weapons violations that violate school policy.

Violence Against Women Act

	2020		
	Domestic	Dating	Stalking
On-Campus	0	0	1
Non-campus Building or Property	0	0	0
Residence Hall	0	0	0
Public Property	0	0	0

Unfounded Crimes

	2018	2019	2020
Unfounded Crimes	0	1	0



Fire Safety Report

Schreiner University

2020

Fire Statistics on Campus

	Fire Safety Information		
	2018	2019	2020
Baldwin Hall		0	0
Delaney Residence Hall	0	0	0
Pecan Grove Apts	0	0	0
LA Schreiner	0	0	0
Flato	0	0	N/A
The Oaks Apts	0	0	0
Faulkner Hall	0	0	0
Trull Residence Hall	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0

Number of Regular Mandatory Fire Drills:

Each semester one drill is performed per residence hall. These drills are completed within 60 days of the semester beginning. The Security Department and the office of Residence Life conduct the drills.

Fire Emergency Procedures

The threat of fire and the resulting danger of smoke inhalation and asphyxiation are always present in residence halls. *It is necessary that Resident Assistants and Resident Directors understand the fire evacuation procedures for their hall and that they communicate this process to all residents as soon as they arrive in the hall, such as during first floor/hall/area meetings.*

Fire Equipment, Alarms and Extinguishers

Tampering with fire protection equipment and systems is a felony punishable by fine and/or imprisonment. Violators may also face prosecution, suspension, and/or expulsion from the University. The cost of re-charging discharged extinguishers and replacing damaged equipment may be split among all residents if the individual(s) involved in discharging or damaging them are not identified. Residents found to be disabling smoke detectors will be subject to fines and disciplinary sanctions.